

Michel MAQUIL
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Sarasota

# Warning

In this presentation I refer to sources mentioned at the end of the presentation.

The views expressed reflect only my personal opinion as well as the opinion of the mentioned sources.

Sarasota April 2016

# Challenges in Capital Markets

- Current limitations of the capital markets based on a multitude of intermediaries and market infrastructures
  - Multiple versions of the Truth (requires consolidation by banks);
  - Vulnerable to Technology Threats (Cyberattacks);
  - Unnecessarily complex;
  - Not equipped for 24h/7d-w/365d-y processing.

# Challenges in Capital Markets

#### Challenges

- Banks too expensive (exorbitant costs due also to regulation, IT legacy systems, etc);
- Banks and other intermediaries under huge pressure to bring down costs;
- Investors enjoying dramatically improved information, want quick access to investments;

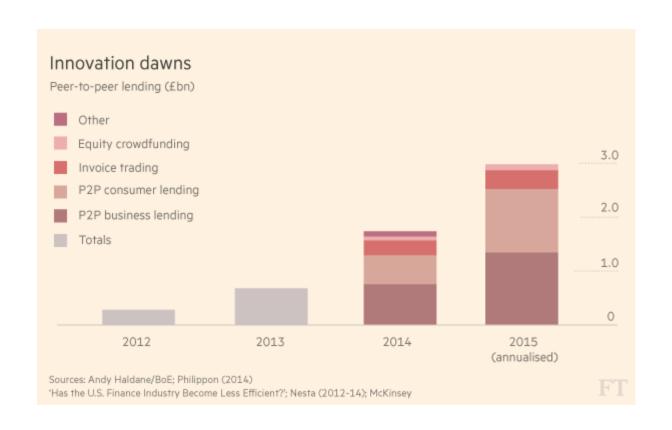
#### **Fintech**

#### What is 'Fintech'

- Fintech <u>portmanteau</u> of financial technology applying to an emerging financial services sector in the 21st century.
- Originally applied to back-end of established consumer and trade <u>financial institutions</u>.
- Now the term includes any technological innovation in the <u>financial sector</u>, in <u>financial literacy</u> and education, <u>retail banking</u>, investment and even crypto-currencies like <u>bitcoin</u> using blockchain technologies.

Read more: Fintech Definition | Investopedia

#### Fintech:source of innovation



#### **Blockchain Definition**

 A Blockchain is a cryptographic, or encoded, ledger comprising a digital log of transactions shared across a public or private network

Source McKinsey & Company

#### **Blockchain Definition**

A blockchain is "a technology that allows people who don't know each other to trust a shared record of events". This shared record, or ledger, is distributed to all participants in a network who use their computers to validate transactions and thus remove the need for a third party to intermediate.

## From ancient ledger.....

- Ledger have been at the heart of commerce since ancient times
  - Clay tablets
  - Papyrus
  - Paper
  - etc

## ...to digital distributed ledgers

- An asset database
- Shared across a network of multiple sites, countries, institutions,...
- Participants have access to own copy of the ledger
- Changes are reflected in all copies
- Applies to financial, legal, physical, etc assets
- System of signatures or keys allows for access and to make changes

# Why blockchain?

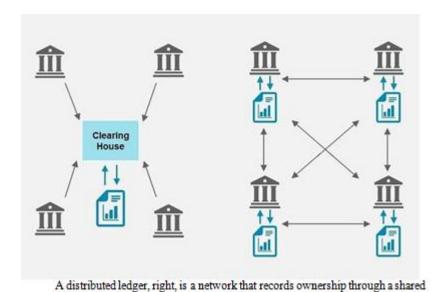
- Algorithms allow transactions to be aggregated in blocks
- Blocks are added to a chain

#### Who can use Blockchain?

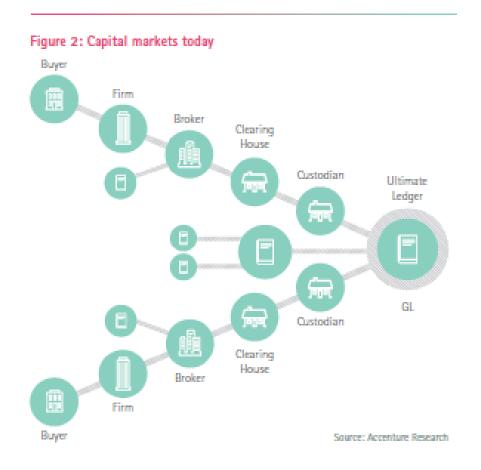
- Governements: collect taxes, deliver benefits, issue passports, etc
- Health systems,
- Banking: payment systems, csd, custodian bank, etc

# Current System versus Blockchain

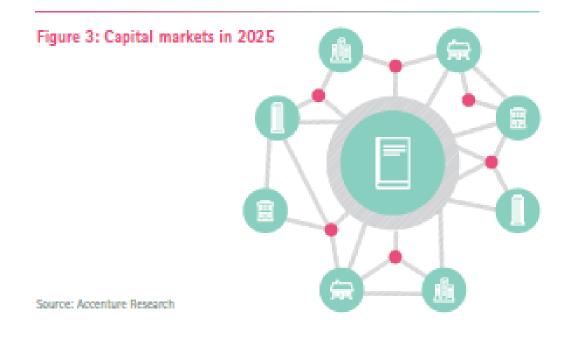
registry



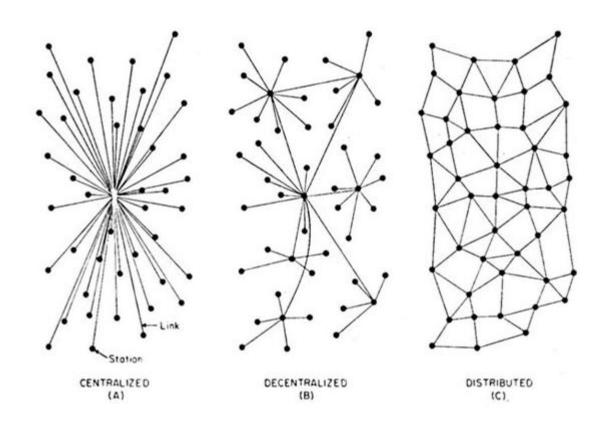
# Current System versus Blockchain



# Current System versus Blockchain



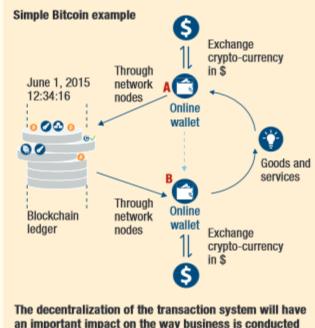
### Blockchain: How does it work



### Blockchain: How does it work

#### The blockchain

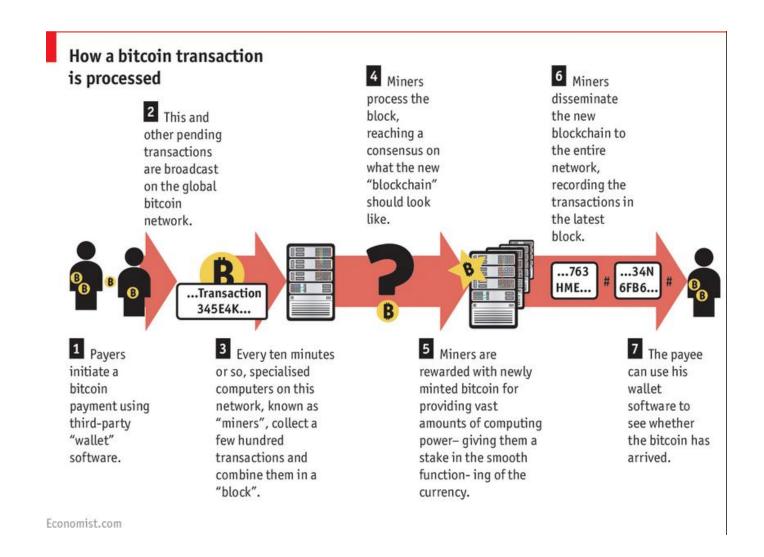
- · A distributed public digital ledger that maintains, through cryptographic proof, a continuously growing secure list of transactions that is replicated repeatedly.
- A transaction network that potentially can be used by financial institutions and consumers to transact directly.
- · Well-suited for applications requiring a rapid, permanent time and date stamp such as:
  - Payments
  - Financial asset transfers
  - Smart contracts
  - Ownership splits and notary services
- A technology that brings substantial benefits in terms of speed, security, transparency, convenience and cost.



an important impact on the way business is conducted throughout many industries.

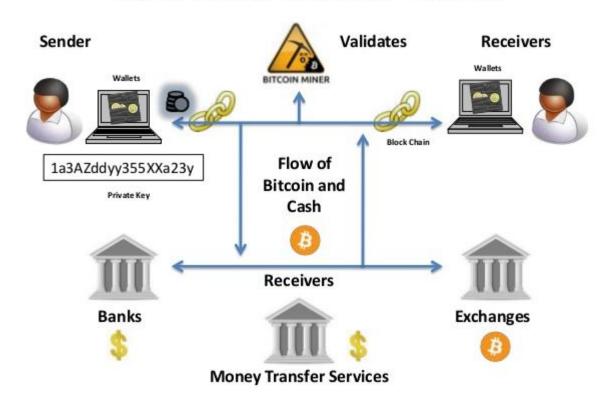
Source: McKinsey & Company

#### Blockchain and the Bitcoin



#### Blockchain and the Bitcoin

#### **How Does Bitcoin Work?**



# Blockchain in Capital Markets

- Faster Clearing and Settlement
- Ledger Consolidation
- Consolidated Audit Trail
- Reduction in Systemic Risk (prefunding prior to trading)
- Operational Improvements in the Middle and Back Office
- Account-handling Efficiency
- Redundancy of Book Entry Systems

Beyond the Hype: Blockchain in Capital Markets McKinsey&Cy

# Blockchain and other Projects

Key issue in the Blockchain applications Identify counterparties in an unambiguous manner,
Have public freely available Identifier (Open Data)

=> LEI can play a pivotal role

# Blockchain and other Projects

#### Legal Entity Identifier (LEI)

- The LEI is a unique 20-character alphanumeric code based on the ISO 17442 standard developed by ISO, which is assigned to legal entities that are counterparties to financial transactions. The LEI code itself is neutral, with no embedded intelligence or country codes.
- Actually some 430,000 such LEIs have been delivered worldwide (US only 105,000) to entities mainly active in derivative markets

# Blockchain and other Projects

#### Four key principles underlie the LEI:

- It is a global standard;
- A single, unique identifier assigned to each legal entity active in financial markets;
- It is supported by high data quality;
- It is a public good, free of charge for all users.

The reporting of LEI and Legal Entity Reference Data is conducted daily by LEI issuing organizations using the Common Data File format.

# Reaction of the Market From scepticism.....

2013

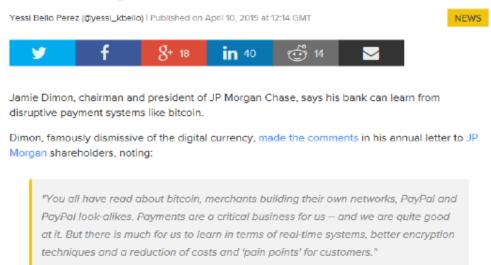
#### JPMorgan Chase CEO denounces bitcoin as 'terrible,' predicts its downfall



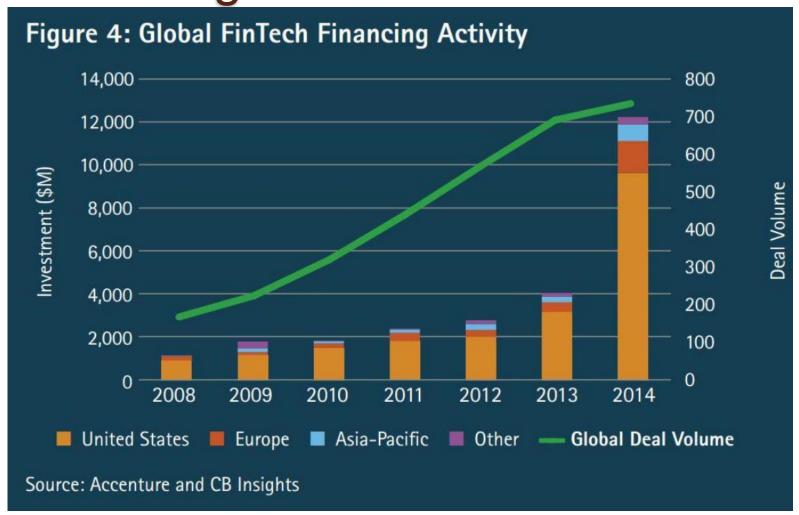
# Reaction of the Market ... Towards Realism in less than 2 years

2015

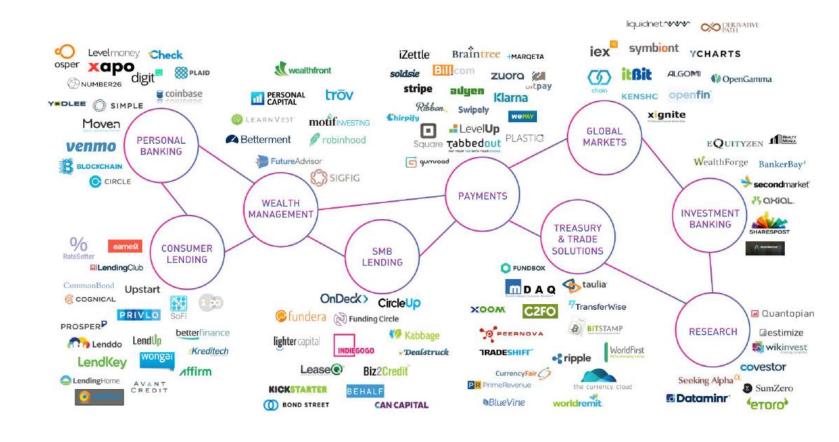
#### JPMorgan CEO: We Can Learn From Technologies Like Bitcoin



# Fintech (and Blockchain) Financing worldwide



# Startups are disrupting financial Services by unbundling all of the Bank's core Offerings



### Reaction by the Market Dec 15-Jan 16



The Global Adoption of Real-Time Retail Payments Systems (RT-RPS)

### Reaction by the market Dec 15 - Jan 16





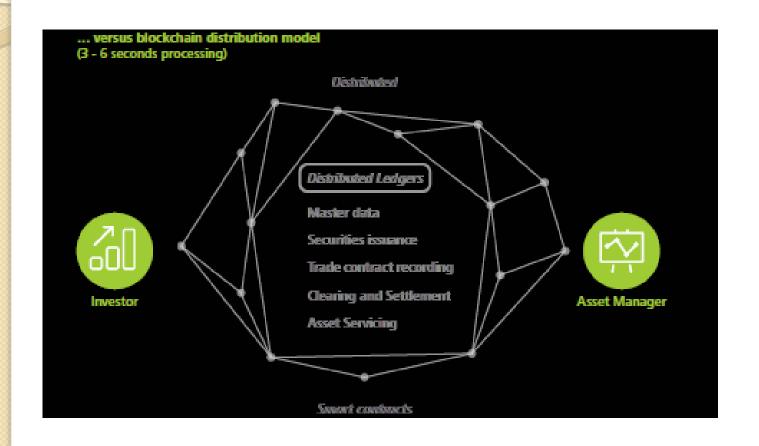
# smarter, simpler cross-border payments

a service that will enable fast, transparent and predictable global payments

# Blockchain and the Fund Industry



# Blockchain and the Fund Industry



#### Blockchain and the Banks

- Banks may lose much of their intermediary role to their customers;
- Banks may also win back activities from their suppliers (settlements, clearing, transfer agents, etc)
- Banks will certainly not be the first losers (if there are to be losers)

#### Bank take the Intiative

# More than 20 banks have created a consortium named R3 to create a new, global ledger protocol out of Bitcoin software (Blockchain)

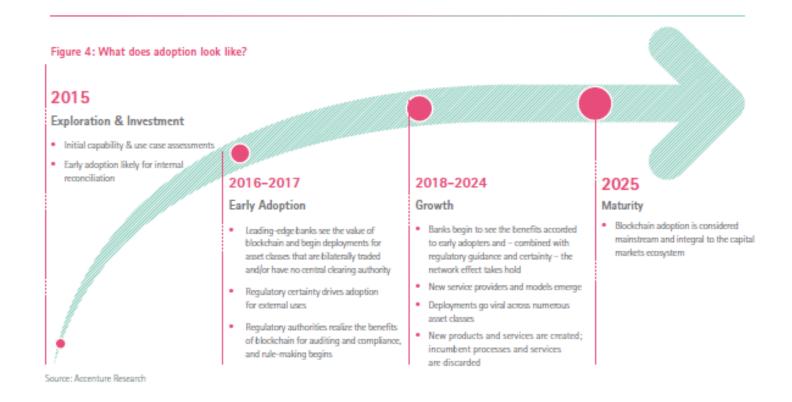
"Over decades, banks and other firms have built systems for themselves. [But] with shared or distributed ledgers, perhaps we can imagine a world where participants share this infrastructure, so rather than everyone running their own systems that have to be reconciled, we [will have] an open platform that multiple firms can connect to."

Richard Brown Chief Technology Officer R3

### Blockchain and the Regulators

- Regulators can slow down the deployement of blockchain and blockchain like technologies;
- Regulators can be very supportive;
- Regulators can climb on the bandwagon and use new technologies for their purposes (ledger);
- Hopefully they will not ignore this rapidly emerging technology.

# What does adoption look like?



### FT March 8, 2016

# Good News – Fintech could disrupt Finance

Banking is currently inefficient, costly and riddled with conflicts

by Martin Wolf

#### Source

- The Global Adoption of Real-Time Retail Payments Systems (RT-RPS), White Paper, Swift 2015 https://www.swift.com/node/4716
- How can FinTech facilitate fund distribution? Deloitte Luxembourg 2016
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#### Source

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# Thank you for your attention

